



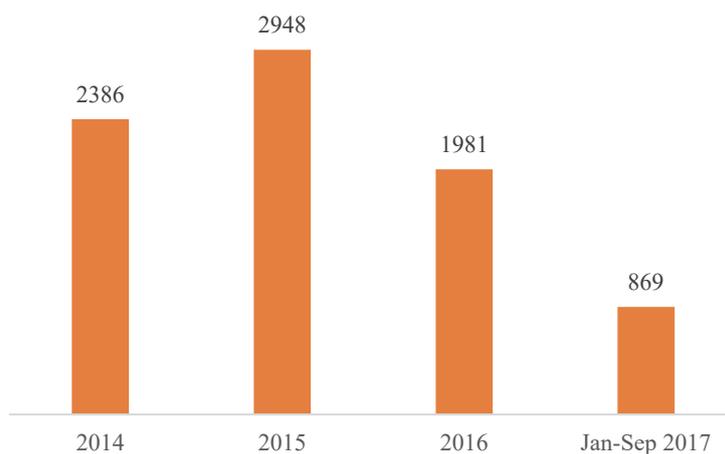
SOUTH AMERICA

–Argentina–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Argentina covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

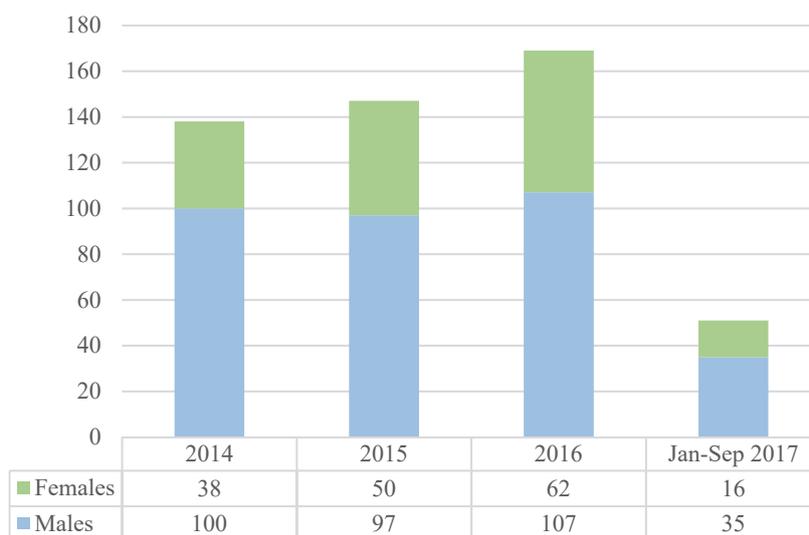
Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Public Prosecutor's Office of the Nation.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 –September 2017



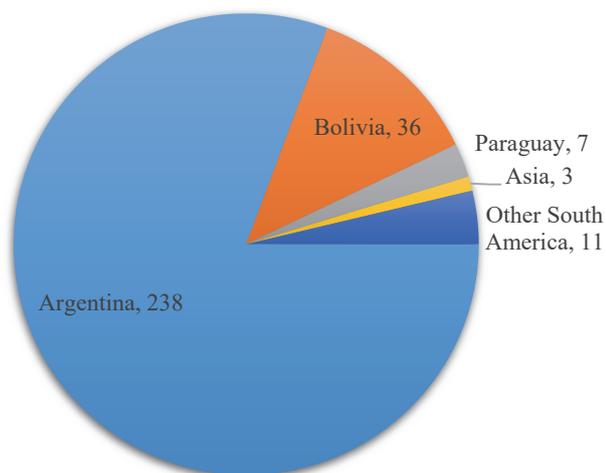
Source: Office of Trafficking and Exploitation of Persons.

Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Office of the Attorney General.

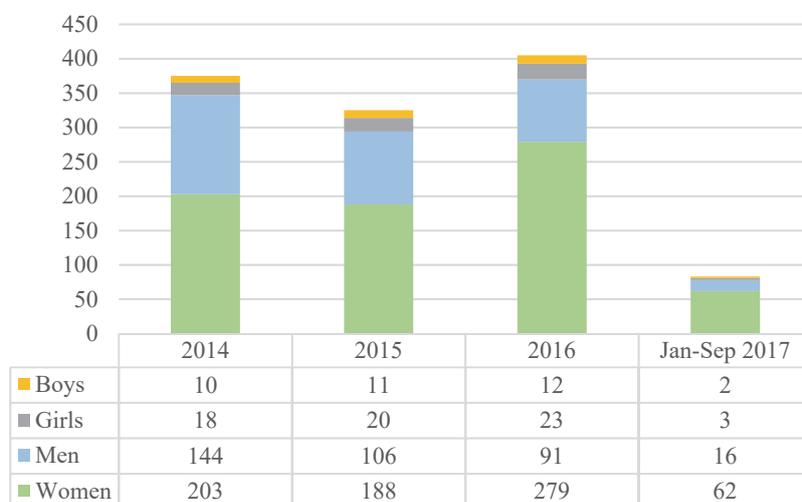
Citizenships of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Office of the Attorney General.

Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Office of Trafficking and Exploitation of Persons.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – September 2017

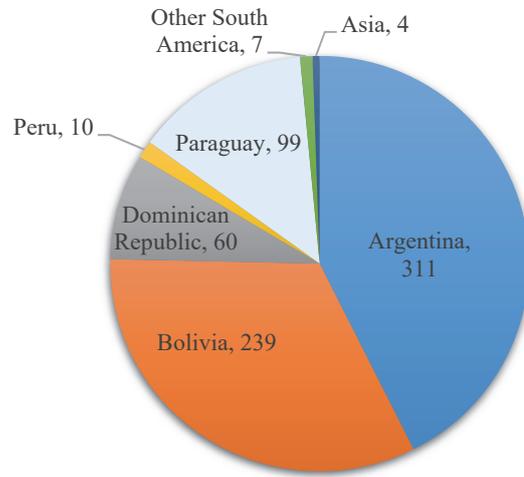


Source: Office of Trafficking and Exploitation of Persons.

One additional victim was trafficked for the purpose of forced marriage during the first eight months of 2017.

Source: Office of Trafficking and Exploitation of Persons.

Citizenships of persons identified as victims of trafficking in persons by state authorities, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Office of Trafficking and Exploitation of Persons.

–The Plurinational State of Bolivia–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in The Plurinational State of Bolivia covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

Investigations and suspects

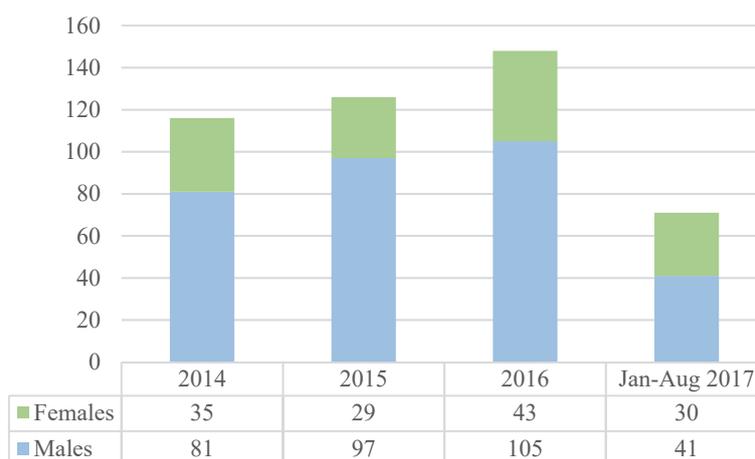
Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – August 2017**



Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP, and The National Directorate of the Special Force for the Fight Against Crime

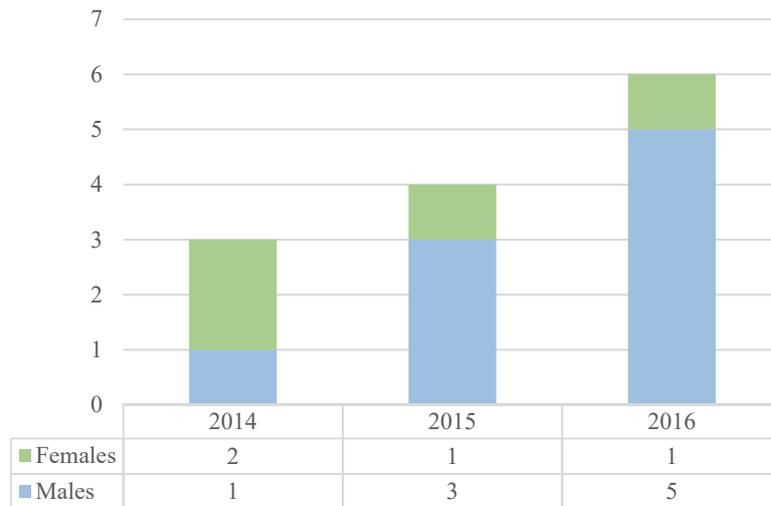
**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – August 2017



Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP, The National Directorate of the Special Force for the Fight Against Crime, and The National Head of Computer and Electronic Services, Council of the Magistracy.

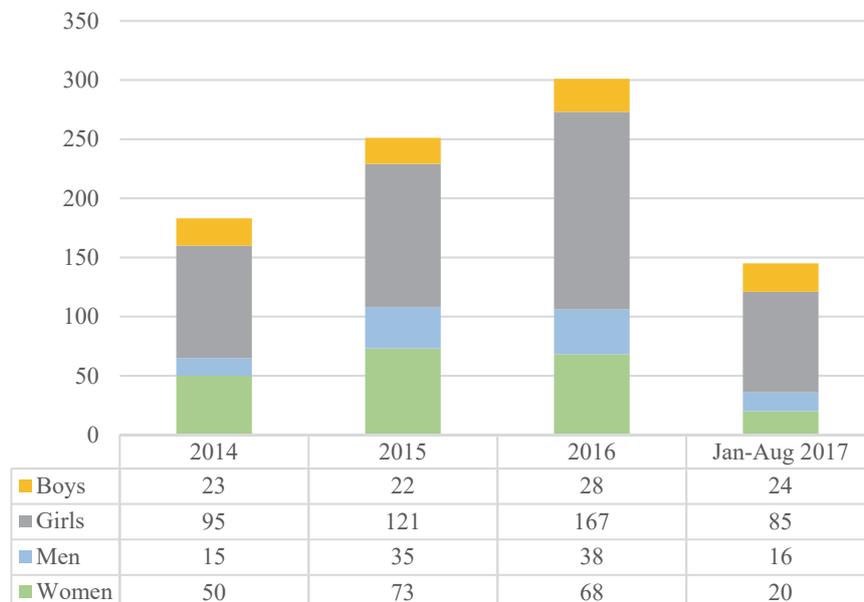
Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – August 2017



Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP, The National Directorate of the Special Force for the Fight Against Crime, and The National Head of Computer and Electronic Services, Council of the Magistracy.

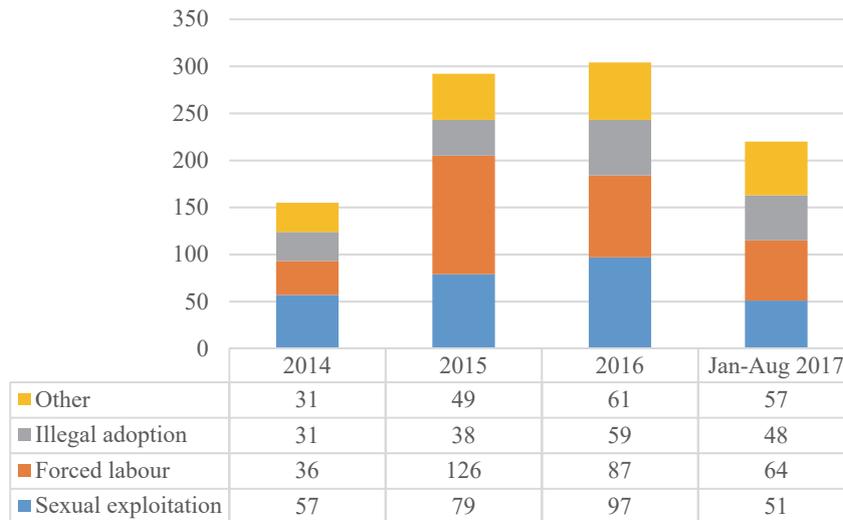
Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – August 2017



Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – August 2017

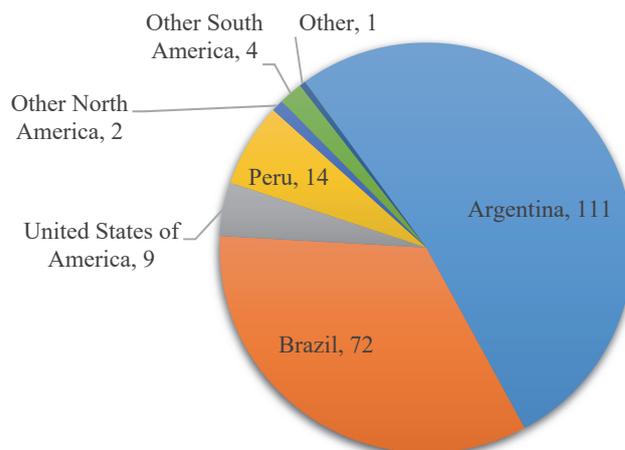


Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP.

On the whole, the majority of detected victims in the indicated period were nationals of Bolivia. The remaining 21 victims were from surrounding South American countries, Central America, and Asia. In 2014, the majority of victims from Bolivia were internationally trafficked.

Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP.

Detected Bolivian victims of trafficking in persons, by country of repatriation, 2014 – August 2017



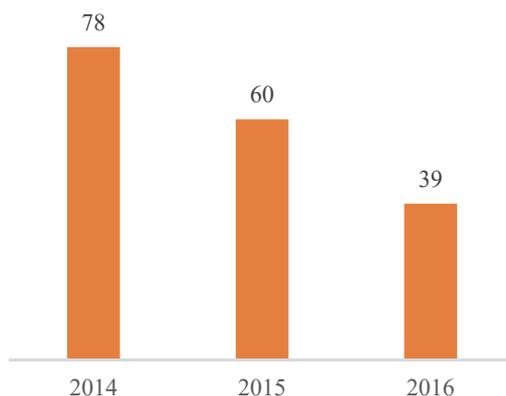
Source: Director of the Protection of Victims, Witnesses, and Prosecutors of the Public Ministry – FEVAP and Official General Director of Consular Affairs.

–Brazil–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Brazil covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol. The specific offence criminalizing trafficking in persons entered into force in Brazil in 2016. Before September 2016, different aspects of trafficking were covered under separate forms of legislation.

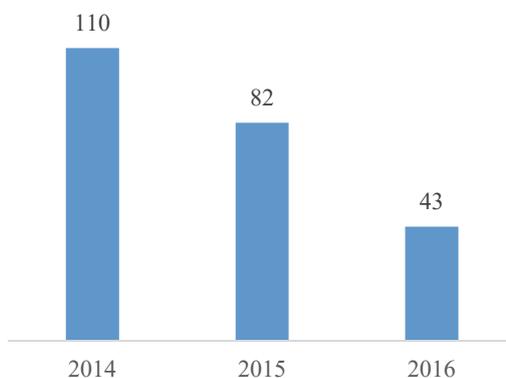
Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 – 2016



Source: Federal Police Action for Combating Human Rights Violators.

Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons **, 2014 – 2016



Source: Federal Police Action for Combating Human Rights Violators.

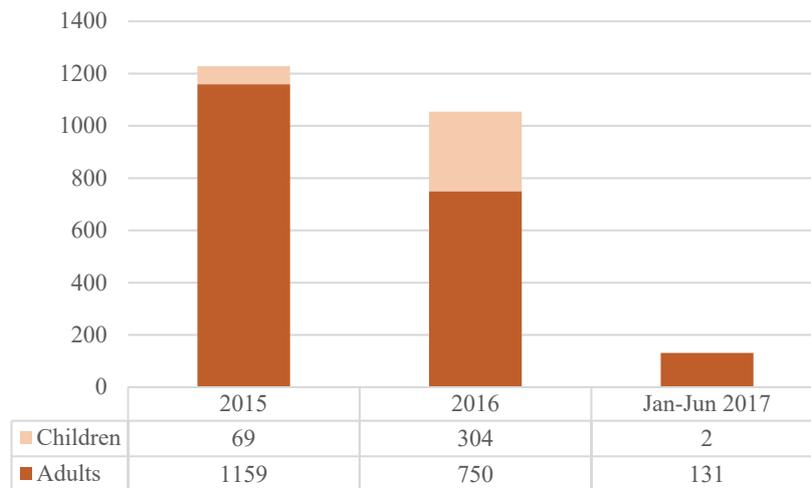
**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

In 2014, 39 persons were convicted of trafficking in persons (31 males and eight females).

Source: Federal Police Action for Combating Human Rights Violators.

Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2015 – June 2017



Source: Report of the Network of Nuclei and Stations to Combat Trafficking in Persons.

In 2014, Brazilian authorities reported 44 victims trafficked for the purpose of sexual exploitation, 26 female adults, and 18 female children. In 2015, authorities reported 101 victims trafficked for the same purpose, 51 female adults and 50 female children. For the same purpose in 2016, authorities reported 75 victims, 33 female adults and 42 female children.

Source: Federal Police Action for Combating Human Rights Violators.

–Chile–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Chile covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

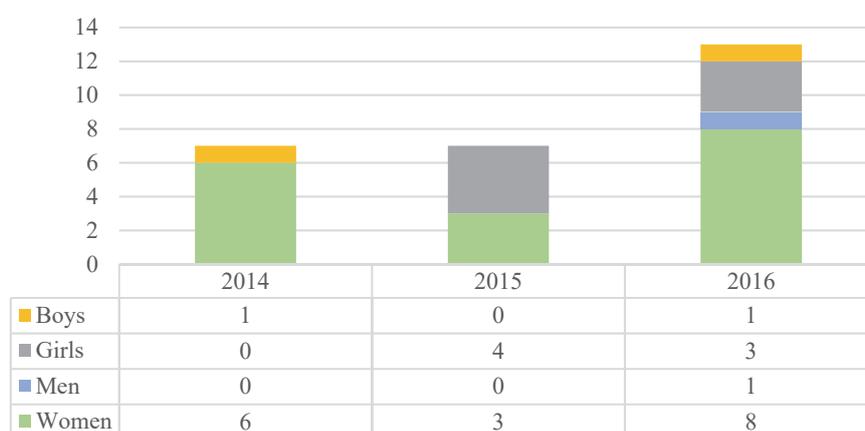
Investigations and suspects

In 2014 and 2015, the national authorities recorded four cases per year. In 2016, six cases were recorded. Nine persons, five men and four women, were prosecuted for both 2014 and 2015. In 2016, 14 persons were prosecuted, five men and nine women. Between 2016 and the first six months of 2017, five persons were convicted of trafficking in persons in the court of first instance. All persons convicted were of foreign citizens.

Source: Ministry of the Public.

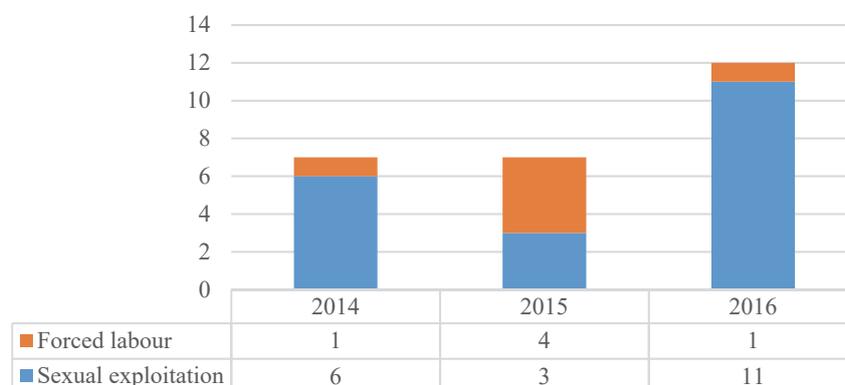
Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – 2016



Source: Ministry of the Public, Investigation Police of Chile, and the Carabineros of Chile.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – 2016



Source: Ministry of the Public, Investigation Police of Chile, and the Carabineros of Chile.

In the period between 2014 and 2016, the majority of victims were of foreign citizens, including victims from South America, Sub-Saharan Africa, Asia, and Eastern Europe.

Source: Ministry of the Public, Investigation Police of Chile, and the Carabineros of Chile.

–Colombia–

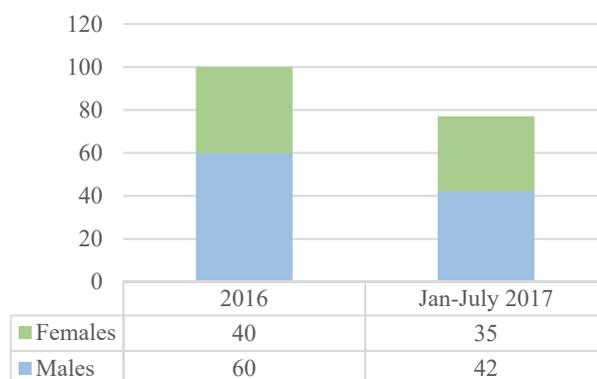
The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Colombia covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

Investigations and suspects

In 2016, there were 194 cases of trafficking in persons recorded and in 2016, 82 were recorded.

Source: Office of the Attorney General of the Nation.

Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – July 2017**



Source: Office of the Attorney General of the Nation.

**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

In 2016, 42 persons captured or were issued an arrest warrant for the crime of trafficking in persons by the Office of the Attorney General of the Nation. In the same year, 22 persons were charged with the crime of trafficking in persons, 17 males and five females. In the beginning of 2017, one male and one female were charged.

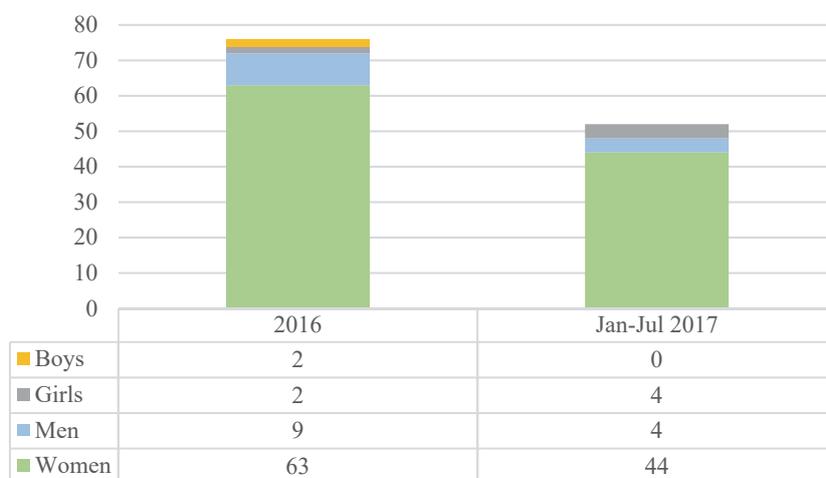
Source: Office of the Attorney General of the Nation.

In 2016, six males and five females were accused of trafficking in persons and in 2017, one male and three female. Of those accused, two males and three females were convicted in 2016. In 2017, three males and three females were convicted of trafficking in persons. All convicted persons were citizens of Colombia.

Source: Office of the Attorney General of the Nation.

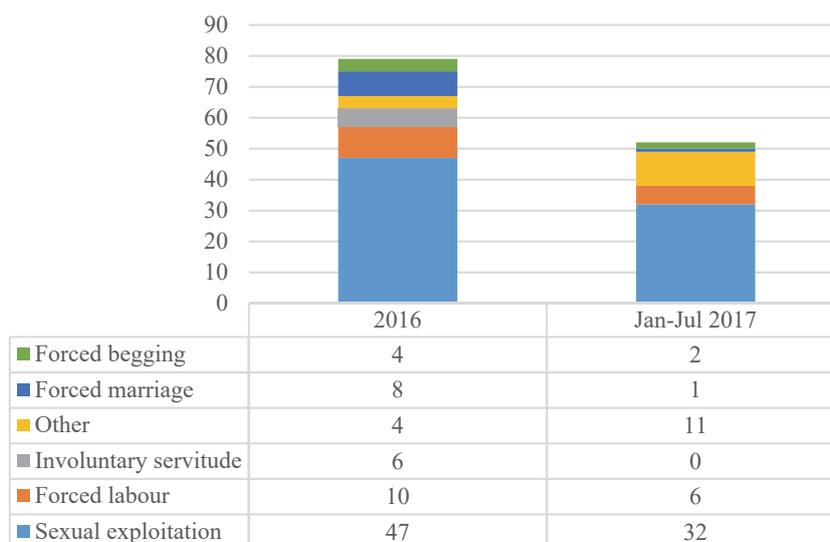
Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – July 2017



Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – July 2017



Source: Ministry of the Interior.

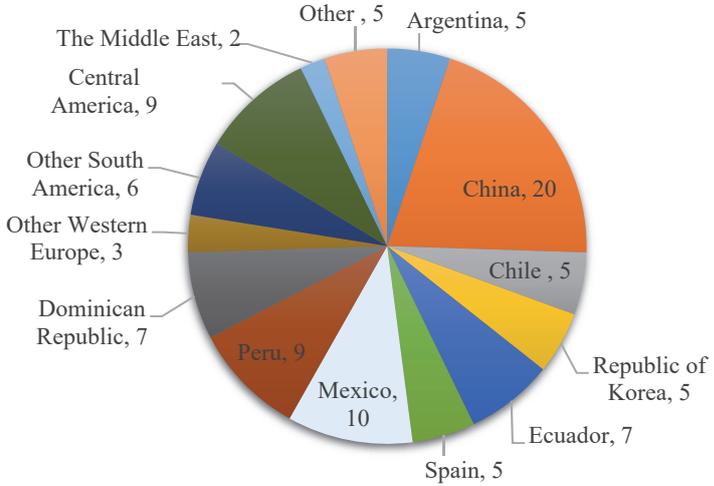
The majority of victims in the indicated period were citizens of Colombia. Others were citizens of other South American countries.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Between January 2016 and July 2017, 98 identified victims were repatriated from other countries, while 22 were domestically trafficked according to the Ministry of the Interior. According to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 62 identified victims were repatriated from other countries in the indicated period.

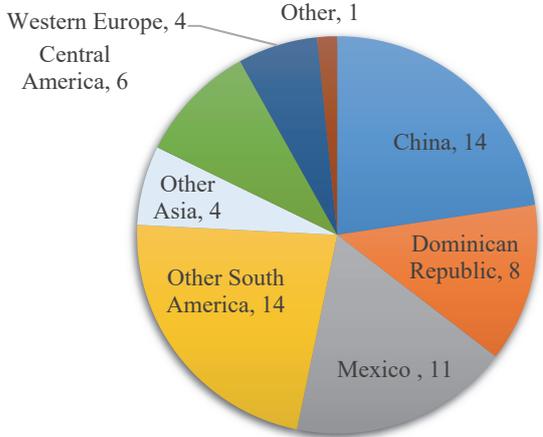
Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Countries from which victims of trafficking were repatriated, according to the Ministry of the Interior, 2016 - July 2017



Source: The Ministry of the Interior.

Countries from which victims of trafficking were repatriated, according to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 2016 - July 2017



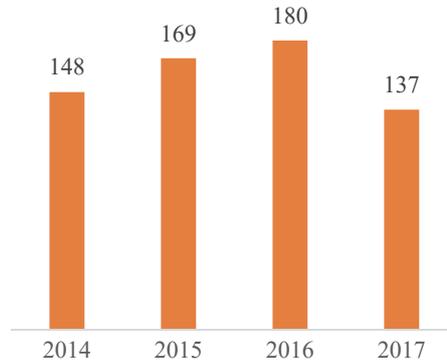
Source: The Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

–Ecuador–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Ecuador covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 –2017



Source: Ministry of Interior.

Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 –2017**



Source: Ministry of Interior.

**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 –2017



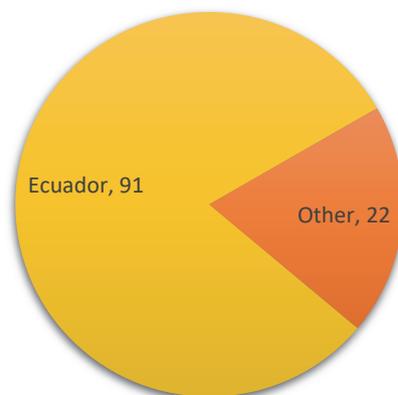
Source: Ministry of Interior.

Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 –2017



Source: Ministry of Interior.

Citizenships of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, 2014 –2017



Source: Ministry of Interior.

Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 –2017



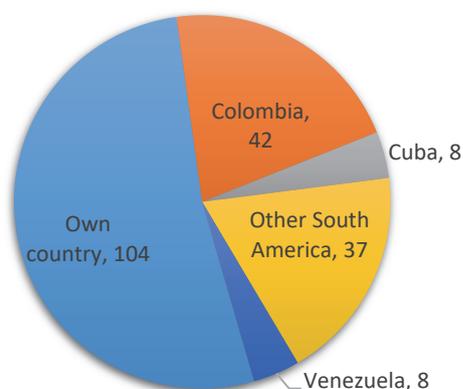
Source: Ministry of Interior.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 –2017



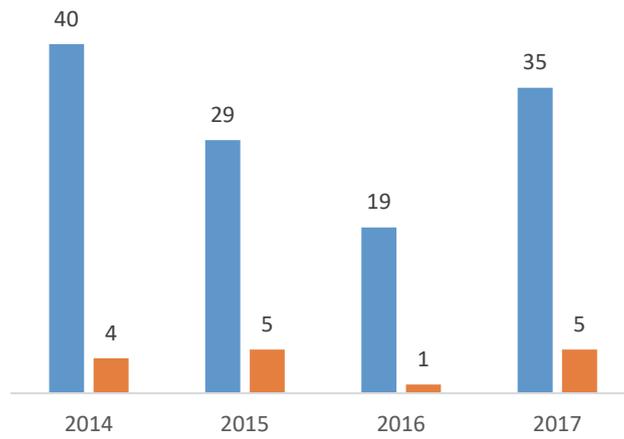
Source: Source: Ministry of Interior.

Citizenships of persons identified as victims of trafficking in persons by state authorities, 2014 –2017



Source: Source: Ministry of Interior.

Identified victims of trafficking, by type of trafficking, 2014 –2017



Source: Source: Ministry of Interior.

Of the detected victims that were trafficked internationally, 15 victims, were reported repatriated from South American countries.

Source: Source: Ministry of Interior

–Guyana–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Guyana covers all forms of exploitation indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

Investigations and Suspects

According to the acting coordinator of the Counter Trafficking (C-TIP) unit, between 2015 and 2016 cases increased from 30 to 41.

In 2017, Guyana recorded 47 cases of suspected human trafficking. The country has convicted two trafficking in persons cases within judicial court.

Source: C-TIP Acting Coordinator.

Victims

Between 2015 and 2016, the number of victims increased from 65 to 103. In 2017, the trafficking cases recorded accounted for 110 alleged victims.

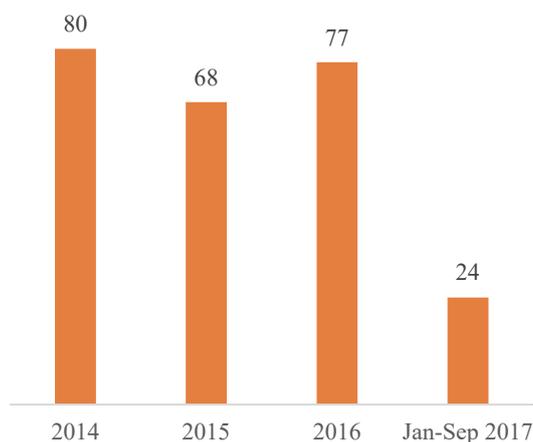
Source: C-TIP Acting Coordinator.

–Paraguay–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Paraguay covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

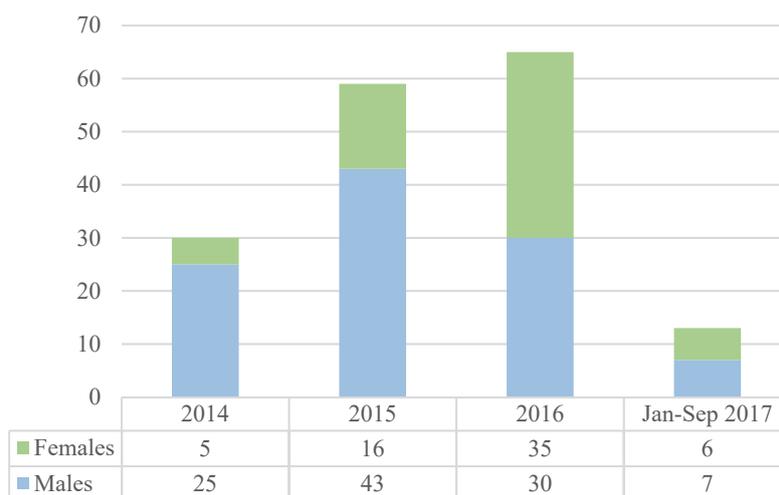
Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Public Ministry.

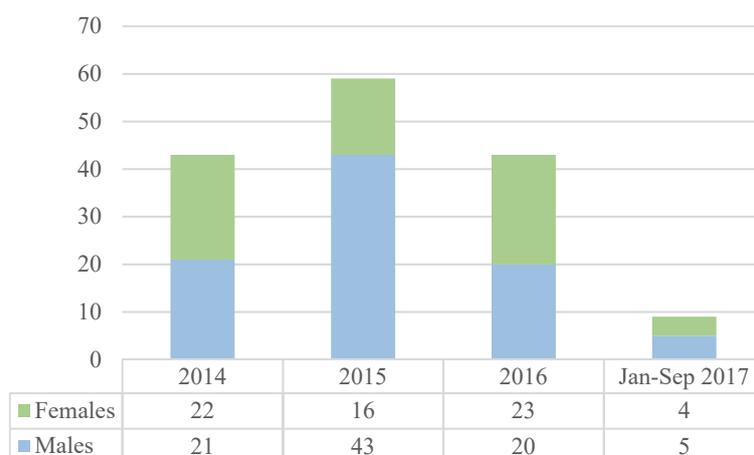
Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017**



Source: Public Ministry.

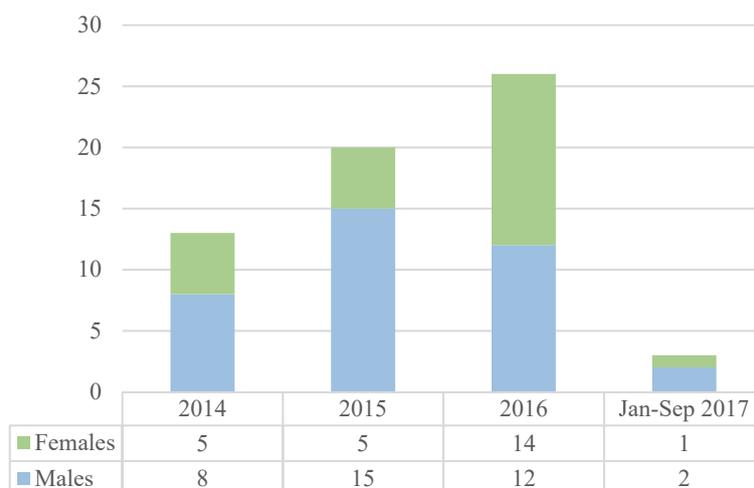
**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Public Ministry.

Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017



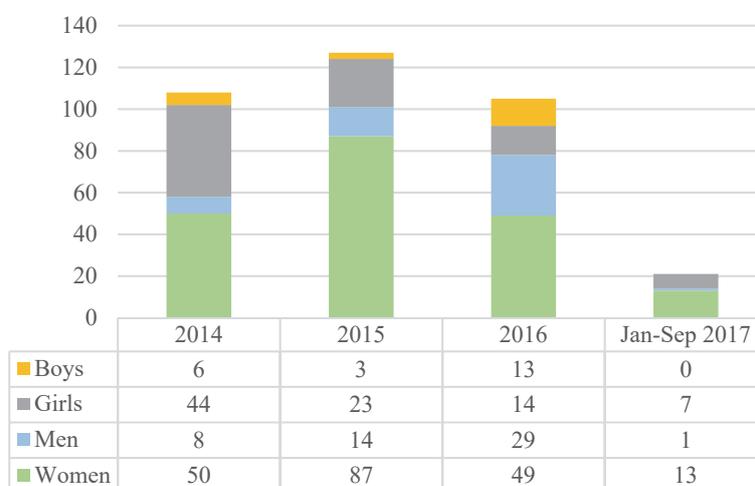
Source: Public Ministry.

The majority of persons convicted of trafficking in the indicated period were nationals of Paraguay. A small number of convicted persons were citizens of Spain, Argentina, and Colombia.

Source: Public Ministry.

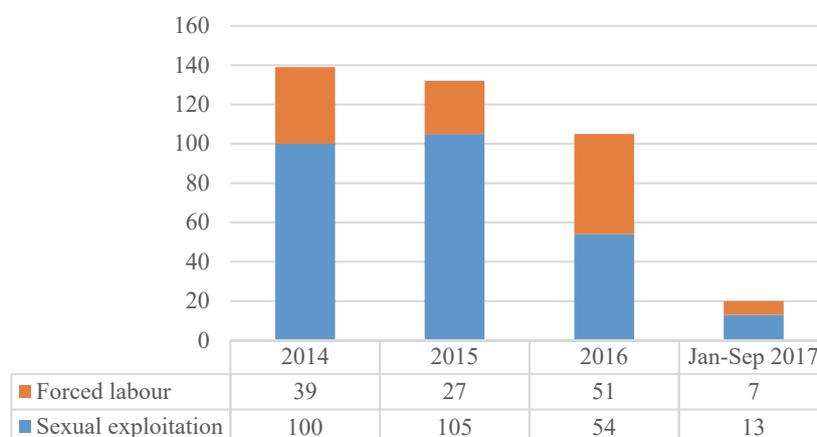
Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Public Ministry.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – September 2017

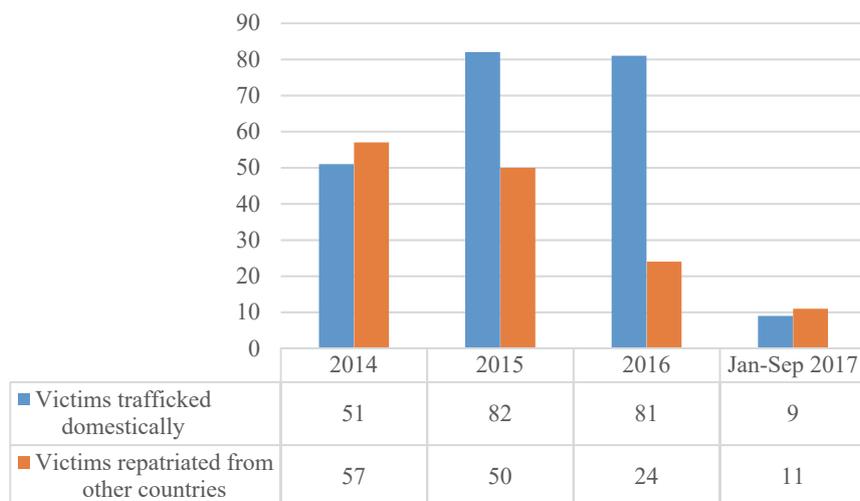


Source: Public Ministry.

Most identified victims between January 2014 and September 2017 were citizens of Paraguay. Other identified victims were citizens of South Korea, Colombia, Brazil, Peru, and Sweden.

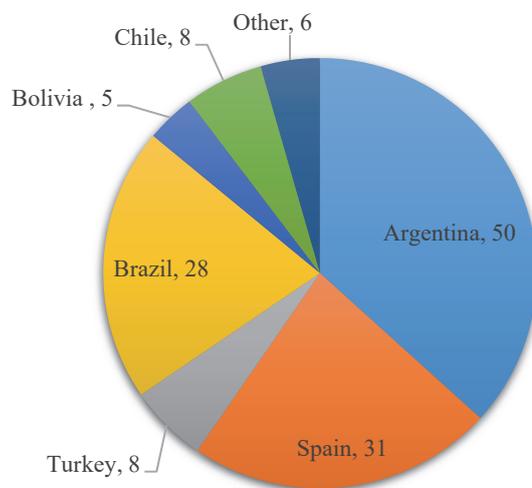
Source: Public Ministry.

Type of trafficking experienced by victims of Paraguay citizenship, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Public Ministry.

Countries from which victims of trafficking in persons were repatriated, 2014 – September 2017



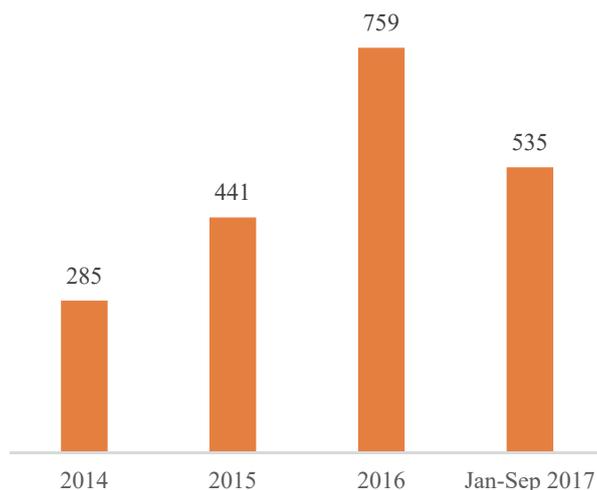
Source: Public Ministry.

–Peru–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Peru covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

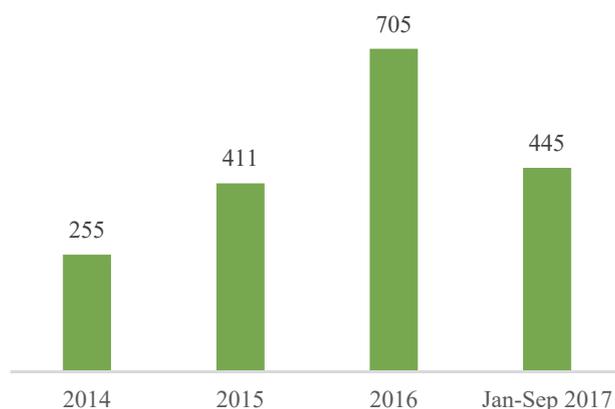
Victims

Number of number of users, victims, and witnesses, assisted at a national level for the crime of trafficking in persons in the Program of Protection and Assistance to Victims and Witnesses, 2014 – September 2017



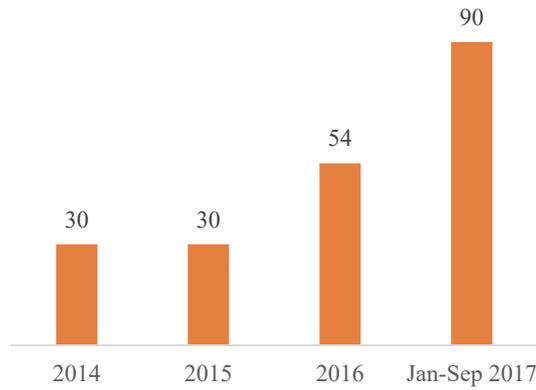
Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons served by the Program of Protection and Assistance to Victims and Witnesses, 2014 – September 2017



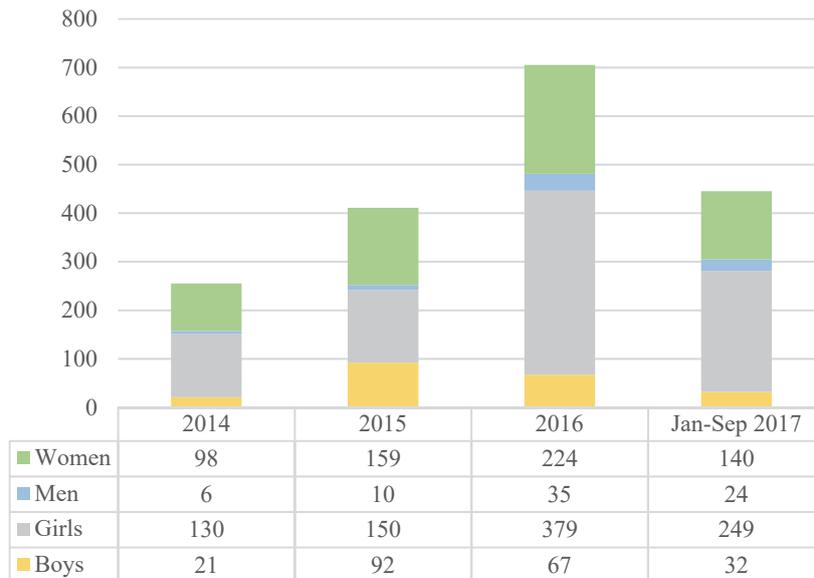
Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

Number of witnesses of trafficking in persons served by the Program of Protection and Assistance to Victims and Witnesses, 2014 – September 2017



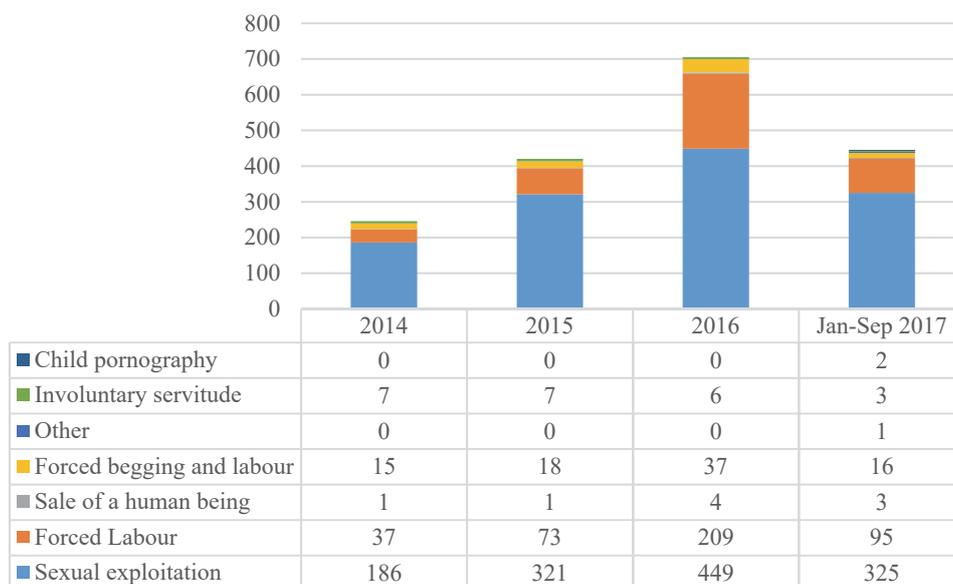
Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – September 2017



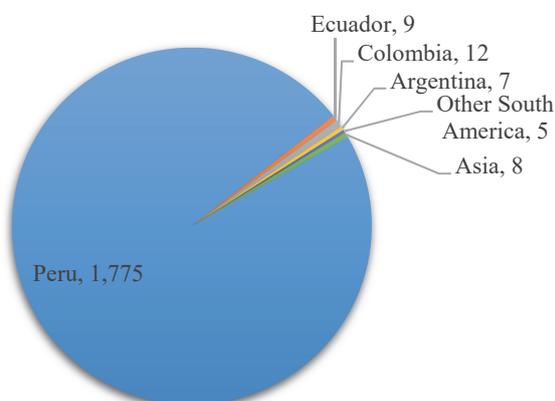
Source: Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

Citizenships of persons identified as victims of trafficking in persons by state authorities, 2014 – September 2017



Source: Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

The majority of victims who were citizens of Peru were trafficked domestically. In 2017, one victim was repatriated from another South American country.

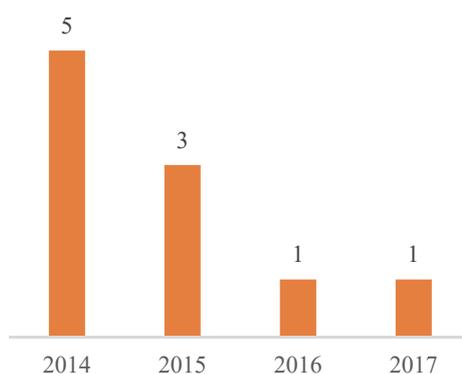
Source: Public Ministry – Prosecutor’s Office of the Nation.

–Uruguay–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Uruguay covers all forms of trafficking indicated in the UN Trafficking in Persons Protocol.

Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 – 2017



Source: Sistema de Gestión en Seguridad Pública – SGSP – e Información de las Jefaturas de Policías a nivel nacional.

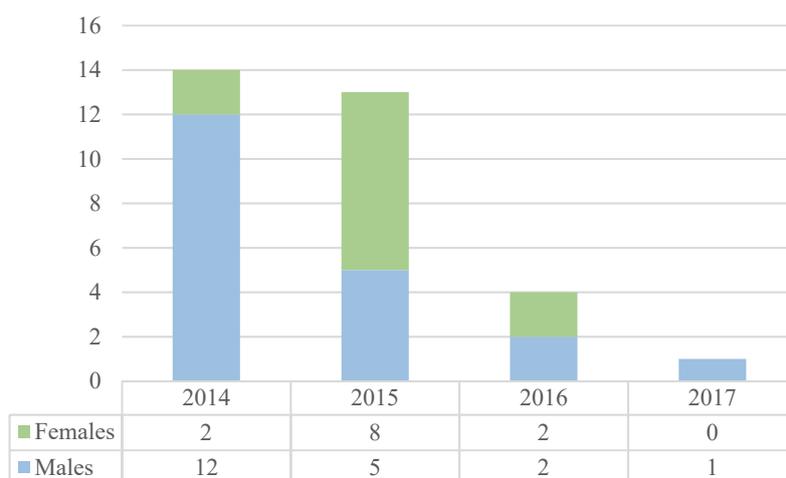
Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – 2017**



Source: Sistema de Gestión en Seguridad Pública – SGSP – e Información de las Jefaturas de Policías a nivel nacional.

**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – 2017



Source: Sistema de Gestión en Seguridad Pública – SGSP – e Información de las Jefaturas de Policías a nivel nacional.

Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 –2017



Source: Sistema de Gestión en Seguridad Pública – SGSP – e Información de las Jefaturas de Policías a nivel nacional.

During the reporting period between 2014 and 2017, the majority of convicted persons were Uruguayan citizens, with a smaller number of persons from the Dominican Republic and the Republic of Korea.

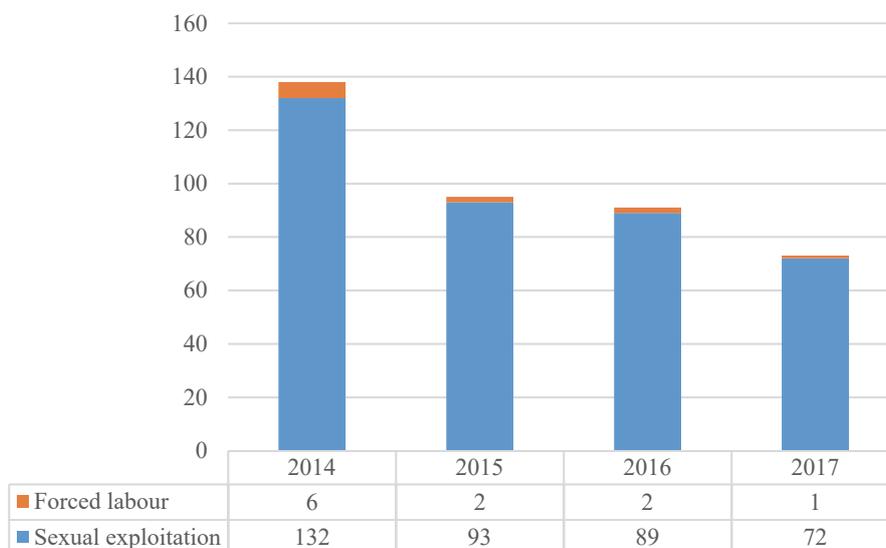
Source: Sistema de Gestión en Seguridad Pública – SGSP – e Información de las Jefaturas de Policías a nivel nacional.

Victims

All detected victims of trafficking in persons were women, reaching a peak of 138 in 2014, and 95, 91, and 73, in 2015, 2016, and 2017, respectively.

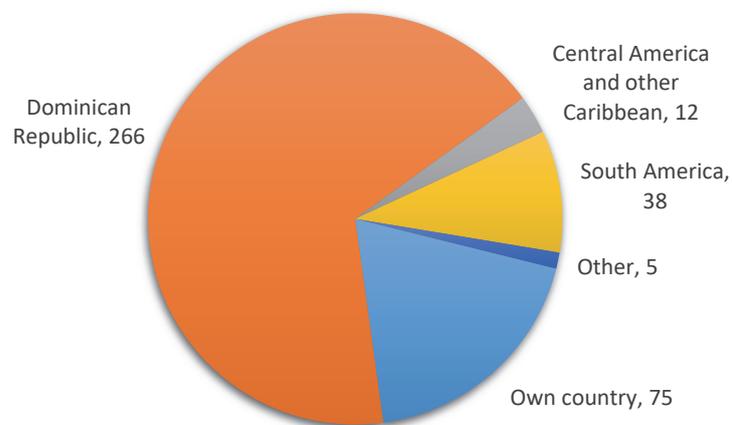
Source: Servicio de Atención a mujeres víctimas de trata con fines explotación sexual – INMUJERES/MIDES.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – 2017



Source: Servicio de Atención a mujeres víctimas de trata con fines explotación sexual – INMUJERES/MIDES

Citizenships of persons identified as victims of trafficking in persons by state authorities, 2014 – 2017



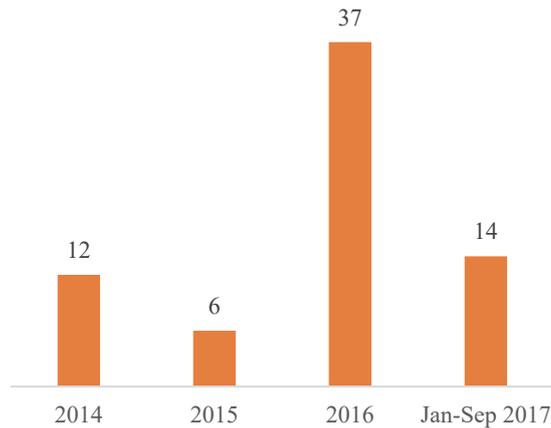
Source: Servicio de Atención a mujeres víctimas de trata con fines explotación sexual – INMUJERES/MIDES

–Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)–

The current legislation on trafficking in persons in Venezuela covers trafficking of girls and women as well as international trafficking of males. Other forms of trafficking can be prosecuted by using other articles of the criminal code.

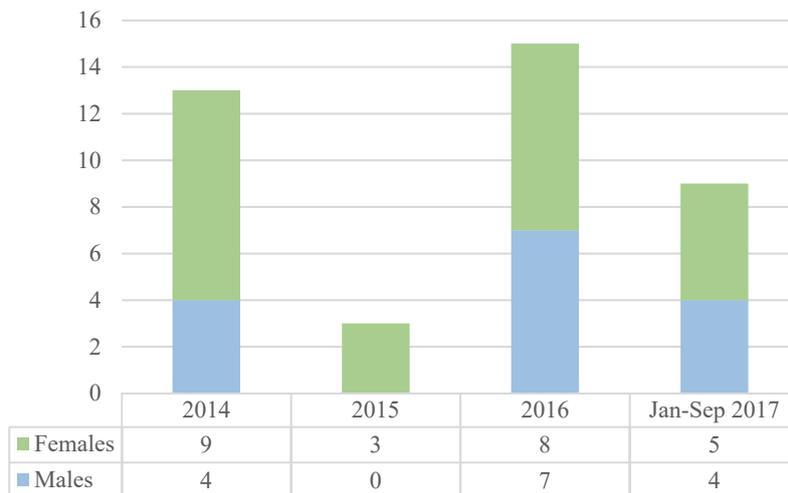
Investigations and suspects

Number of cases of trafficking in persons recorded, 2014 – September 2017



Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

Number of persons brought into formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system because they have been suspected of, arrested for or cautioned for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017**



Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

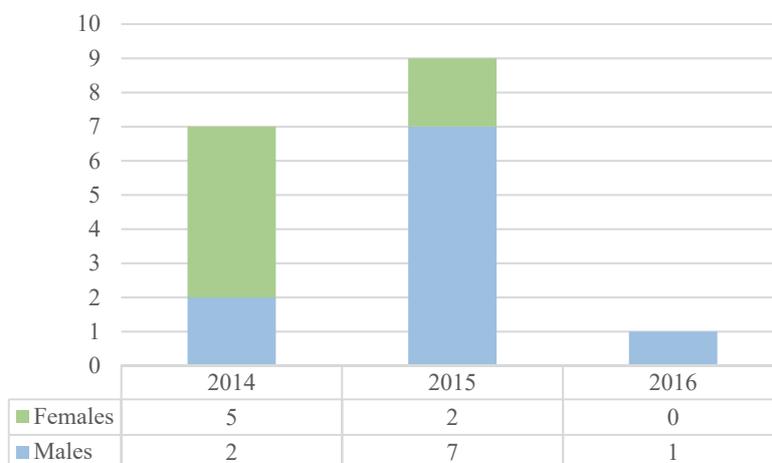
**Note: Formal contact with the police and/or criminal justice system may include persons suspected, arrested, or cautioned at the national level.

Number of persons prosecuted for trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

Number of persons convicted of trafficking in persons, by sex, 2014 – 2016



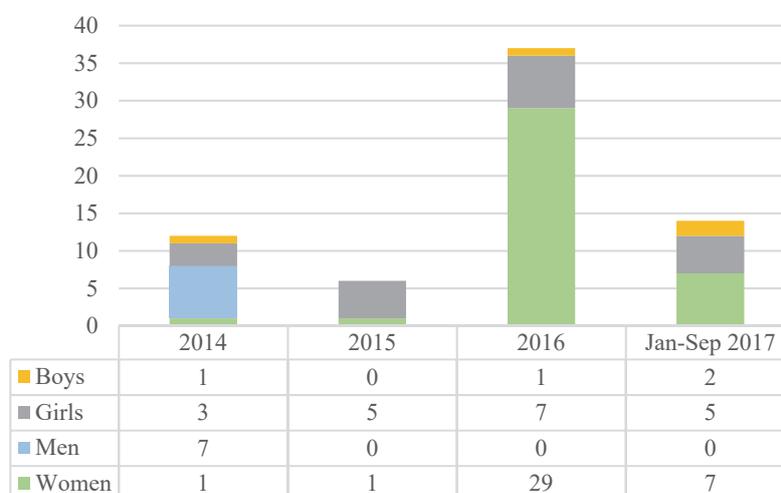
Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

The majority of persons convicted of trafficking in persons between 2014 and 2016 were Venezuelan nationals. Other were from other South American countries and Sub-Saharan Africa.

Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

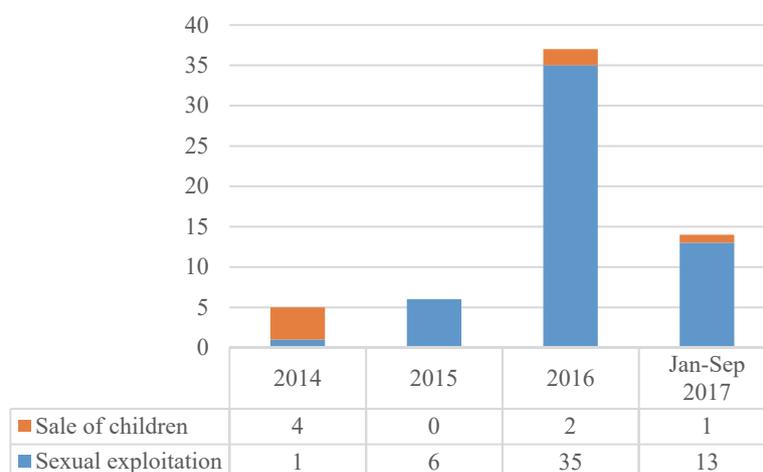
Victims

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by age and sex, 2014 – September 2017



Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

Number of victims of trafficking in persons detected, by form of exploitation, 2014 – September 2017



Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.

The majority of victims in the indicated period were citizens of Venezuela who were trafficked domestically. All other victims were citizens of Sub-Saharan African countries.

Source: National Office against Organized Crime and Terrorist Financing, Public Prosecutor's Office.